

Internal Safety Alert HYPERTENSION and VTE screening

High Blood Pressure is considered to be systolic >140/150 or diastolic >90?

People with Hypertension are at risk of heart attack, heart failure, stroke etc Inpatients with high blood pressure should have their vital signs including blood pressure readings at least daily, National Early Warning Scores (NEWS 2)will only alert when the systolic reaches 220, it does not

Therefore clinicians need to be aware of the parameters for and be able to identify hypertension and refer as appropriate for treatment

Patients need to be informed of their hypertension diagnosis to take their

Medication and make lifestyle changes to control hypertension. Such as: Weight loss in obesity, regular exercise, healthy diet, limited alcohol and limited salt intake.

ACTION: Ensure patients with high blood pressure have vital signs each day and ensure the Nurse in charge is notified if out of range.

Doctors review the risk of cardiovascular disease of all patients with high blood pressure readings alongside vital signs during the ward weekly MDT meetings. Referral to a specialist for people with resistant hypertension is recommended. .https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng/136

NEWS 2 e-learning https://news.ocbmedia.com/

identify hypertension below this or the systolic.

VTE Screening and assessment

All Patients to have a screening risk for Venous Thrombosis Embolism within 14 hours of admission and VTE assessment carried out as required and recorded on RIO Patient electronic template under Physical Health.

Nice Guidance 2021 https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/qs201

Please see Rio Form below for full VTE assessment where indicated

