

## Newham Guidance and Criteria for the Provision of Continence Containment Products

Recommendation based on clinical need.	Pad Type to be provided	Number of products issued per 24 hours	Other products provision
Minimal faecal incontinence	Simple rectangular pad.	Max 4 pads	
Faecal incontinence only e.g. if patient has a catheter.	Attends F6 pad / Contours regular 6	Max 4 pads	
Management of light incontinence. Children whilst toilet training.	Washables	Max 5 pairs per year	
Management of light to moderate incontinence	Attends Men Level 2-4 Attends soft/contours pads 3-6		
Management of moderate to severe incontinence	Attends contours pads 6-7 Used with fixation pants	Max 4 pads 15 pairs every 48 weeks	
Management of very severe incontinence / night time use	Attends contours 7-8 Used with fixation pants	Max 4 pads 15 pairs every 48 weeks	

## Other considerations

Recommendation for use	Containment product	Number of product per 24 hours.	Conditions of provision.
Pull-up pants will be considered for patients if it enables them to toilet <b>independently.</b> E.g. if a patient has dementia or following a CVA. Not recommended if patient is doubly incontinent or if incontinence is severe as pull-ups are low absorbency.	Attends pull- up pants	2	Failed a trial of shaped pads. Will be reviewed annually.
Patients in residential care home.	Attends soft/ contours pads Used with fixation pants	Max 4 pads 15 pairs every 48 weeks	
Bedbound clients with severe incontinence and have a severe physical or mental impairment / requires the use of a hoist.	Attends slips 8 (TENA slips extra-large)	Max 4 Max 4	Will be reviewed annually. Assessed then provided on clinical need.
Night time use, higher absorbency pads will be considered.	Attends slips 9	(5 per day if using a PEG feed)	



## Other Notes:

- To promote patient choice, the service will consider providing an alternative product to the financial equivalent of the recommended product.
- Patients will be reviewed annually and their prescription will be supplied on clinical need and may change e.g. if a patient was using pull-up pants and now needs assistance to be toileted, they will be changed onto a shaped pad with fixation pants.
- If a patient does not attend their appointment or fails to respond to an appointment/home visit offer letter their pads may be temporarily suspended.
- If patients are on the maximum prescription e.g. 2 pull-up pants per day they will need to purchase extra pads until their next delivery is due.
- If children are toilet training they can receive a maximum of 2 pull-ons and 1 nappy/slip in 24 hours.
- If patients forget to activate their delivery from NHS supply chain they will need to purchase their own pads in the interim until their pads are delivered.
- If patients do not activate their delivery from NHS supply chain for over 8 months they will be discharged and need a new referral and assessment.